

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

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Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

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—AT—
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understood if we credit that \$2.50 will be expected and demanded.

W. P. WALTON.

Traitors.

There are, it appears, a good many Traitors in the country after all.

Politicians and editors, for instance, who stop at no extreme of vituperation and billingsgate to bring the government under which they live into contempt, and to incite their country to dissension, hate and strife, simply because by such course they think that they can advance the interests of a particular political party, are undoubtedly Traitors.

Members of a military organization, or of any other organization, who, because the government is not conducted solely in their interest, split their lungs in their howls for the blood of the President, are Traitors.

This whole crowd is breathing and urging Treason and assassination. If they should succeed in exciting some hair-brained fanatic to do their murderous work for them they would every one of them be as guilty, under the law as applied to the Chicago anarchists, as Guiteau was, and should be hung on the same gibbet that stretched his infamous neck.—[Courier-Journal.]

Don't Drink in Hot Weather.

By-the-by, why do people drink beer on a hot day? In the third or fourth course of a Turkish bath, you know, when your pores are so open that one can look inside and see your conscience at work, the attendant hands you a glass of cold water, and as quickly as you swallow it it runs out through your skin. The same with beer. As fast as you swallow it it runs out and deluges your undershirt, and the latter end of that man is worse than the first. If one wants to keep cool and to keep from being thirsty the only course is to drink nothing. Suck a lemon, chew a collar button, bite at a teething ring, but don't drink. That is why so many women are so cool on hot days. It is provoking when the temperature is 97° degrees in the shade, to talk to a woman who is as cool and fresh as an ice chest while you are vainly trying to stem the tides of perspiration that ebb and flow on your once white collar.

Don't drink and you won't perspire.

The annual consumption of feathers in this country for bedding purposes amounts to 3,000,000 pounds, or 375 car loads. To furnish this 3,000,000 healthy geese must give up their feathers in a year. These geese furnishing these downy pillows and beds of ease, are to be found mainly in southern Illinois, Missouri, Arkansas, Tennessee and Kentucky. The climate is cold enough to cause the feathers to be fine and soft, and not too cold to make their care a matter of unprofitable labor to the farmers. Below this territory the feathers are quilly and free from down. Above, the cold winters make geese farming unprofitable, for when the geese can't find food for herself because of frozen land and water, she has to be fed, and she'll eat as much corn as a sheep.

Harper, who wrecked the Fidelity bank has had a history full of adventure and crime. One of his first acts after growing up was to kill a man. Afterwards he became a gambler under an assumed name. He then went to Cincinnati and distinguished himself by his crooked ways "on the street." Some how he gained the confidence of the directors of the Fidelity bank. He seems perfectly hardened and sleeps in peace every night in his cell, while his companion in misery pines for the floor in misery.

The largest apple orchard in the United States is claimed by Fairmount, in Leavenworth county, Kansas. It contains 437 acres and is composed of 50,000 trees of the following varieties: 70 acres of Winesaps, 240 acres of Ben Davis, 70 acres of Missouri Pippins, 40 acres of Genettes, 8 acres of Cooper's early and 8 acres of Maiden's Bluns. This year's crop is estimated at 40,000 bushels. Mr. Fred Wellhouse is its owner and author.—[Kansas City Indicator.]

"Young man, I say to you, looking back at the fire where I lay scorching, looking back at the past, and standing as I do now under the arch of the bow, one end of which ends in darkness, and the other on the sunny slopes of paradise, I say to you, beware! Touch not the accursed drink! and God forbid that you should ever suffer as I have suffered, or be called to fight as I have fought for body and for soul!"—[John C. Gough.]

As a middle-aged lady was descending a flight of stairs in a Wall street building he slipped and fell. A nice old gentleman who was just entering the hallway, rushed to her assistance, and as he assisted her to her feet politely remarked: "Did you fall, Madam?" "Fall! Of course I fell, you old fool. You don't suppose I'd sit down here to rest, do you?" she snapped. He didn't say what he supposed.

CURRENT COMMENT

On Gen. Buckner's Refusal to Recognize Bradley as a Gentleman.

"Jim Jones told me so" will be fatal to Bradley's political hopes forever.—[Owensboro Messenger.]

Such conduct, we say, is unbecoming a gentleman, whether he be seeking office or not, and Gen. Buckner is right in refusing to have anything to do with the person guilty of it. If Bradley wants to play the role of a common blackguard, let him play it alone.—[Louisville Times.]

Although we believe that Bradley's campaign methods are not the most agreeable in the world and that he does not always devote sufficient time toward ascertaining the truth of the assertions, we do not think that Gen. Buckner has been sufficiently provoked to demand such extreme measures.—[Louisville Post.]

We do not believe that any candidate in the State ever put himself in a more humiliating position. Mr. Bradley admits that he has given currency to a most serious accusation against his opponent, an accusation for which he was unwilling to assume the responsibility, which he did not dare openly to repudiate, yet for which he did not have the manliness to apologize.—[Courier-Journal.]

The refusal of Gen. Buckner to meet Mr. Bradley in joint discussion, shows that the hero is on his mettle. He has treated Mr. Bradley with distinguished courtesy, and he has the right to expect it in return. It will be regretted that it was not accorded him; and all fair minded people will justify him in the course he has pursued in refusing a joint canvass with Mr. Bradley.—[Danville Advocate.]

The Story of Three Ingenious Young Ladies.

We have just heard, says an exchange, a story of three very ingenious young ladies that is out of the ordinary. These young ladies are all about the same age and size, and, by a singular coincidence, were all to be married about the same time. They were all ambitious to have swell weddings and stunning outfits, but their purses were not long enough for both, and to possess the latter even was a financial puzzle which gave them many a sleepless night. Finally they put their heads together and hit upon a plan. To avoid any unpleasant gossip among their mutual friends and inevitable companions, which is always odious, they decided to give up the big weddings, but they would have the bang-up outfit by pooling their money. No. 1, who was to be married first, was to make a bargain with the dress-maker to make any alterations desired in the trousseau after the wedding was over, and the three were to go together to select it, which they did, and the dress was made up in the very pink of fashion, with point lace enough to exhaust the stock of a Worth, and bride No. 1 was married. The ceremony over, the trousseau was turned over to No. 2 and she took it to the dress-maker for alteration according to contract, and in it she was married, after which the second wedding was done, and again the brilliant outfit stood before the marriage altar and a third bride was the envy of the few guests present because of the gorgeous bridal decorations. How was the dress paid for? No. 1 paid half of the bill because she had the first wear, Nos. 2 and 3 shared the other half. No. 3 was willing to share as much as No. 2, because, though she did not have the privilege of the second wear, she by mutual consent kept the dress.

It is not probable that prohibition will receive 200 votes in this county at the August election. The number is much more likely to fall below than exceed this. In the State the cause of prohibition will suffer still more. In his race against Tate, Fox received about 30,000 votes. He will be lucky if he gets half that number for governor. Republicans and democrats alike refuse to surrender their affections for a principle which, however worthy in itself, is yet, as a political factor, impracticable and visionary. Whenever the question of prohibition is submitted to the voters of Barren county, regardless of politics, the issue and its results are entirely different. There is no doubt that a majority of voters in Barren county favor prohibition, but they do not regard it as paramount to party allegiance. Whatever prohibition does, it must do apart from politics. By local legislation, town, precinct and county votes, it can accomplish all the good claimed for it. Whenever it stands up in opposition to existing political parties, it will be knocked down and run over.—[Glasgow News.]

Ninety-eight years ago to day the Basile was destroyed after it had stood a monument to royal tyranny for centuries. Its fall was the beginning of a tidal wave of revolution that swept over Southern and Central Europe, engulfing the institutions of ages, and whose effects, benignant and destructive, will shape the destinies of people for years yet to come.—[Louisville Times, 14 h.]

Looking back upon a life of nearly 50 years, I remember those who started with me. All of those who were sober and industrious and saved their money own their own households, but every one of those who drank is dead. If there is one place in the world where drinking can not be permitted it is on a railway.—[Chauncey M. Depeu.]

LONDON, LAUREL COUNTY.

—A little child of Mr. Charles Duber died of measles a day or two ago.

—The weather is almost as hot as Buckner and Jim Jones are making it for Bradley.

—There is not a democrat in Laurel county who is even thinking of voting for Bill Bradley.

—Clear had his Brutus, Blaine his Barchard, Bradley has his Jim Jones and other republican candidates might profit by their examples.

—We are badly in need of a little of the rain that thinned the burgoo and drenched the burgooers in Captain Elkin's beautiful woodland Thursday.

—Prof. L. V. Dodge, the alleged "white" professor in Berea "colored" school, addressed a crowd of 25 by actual count at the court house here Friday, in the interest of republicanism.

—When "Colonel" d'Agree who is to settle the dispute? "Colonel" Bradley says "Jim Jones" is authority for his charge that Governor Knott wrote General Buckner's speech and Col. Jones says Bradley alone is responsible. Honest people, and especially those who read, know Col. Jones states truly and will administer the proper rebuke to Col. Bradley.

—Mrs. Pearl and Master Willis are visiting at Junction City. Miss Mamie Conger, East Bernstadt, was visiting Miss Lou Northcott, this city. Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Craft and Master Robert are at Crab Orchard Springs. Dave Jackson, Louisville, was here Friday and Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Ward and Master Earle have returned to their home at Paint Lick. W. H. Williams, who has been in Louisville for some time, has returned home. Prof. and Mrs. Chaggett and Master Argo are in Cincinnati. Mr. Josh West, Lancaster, is visiting in this county. The great and only El Green, of Louisville, is here.

The President and the Toughest.

President Cleveland pulverizes Tuttle & Co. in his letter to the authorities of the St. Louis Fair.

It will never be in order for the northern papers to denounce the South as intolerant and narrow minded after this episode. President Cleveland did his duty—his clear, imperative duty—in vetoing the late pension steal. For doing this, he is openly told he will be insulted and that his life will be in danger if he appears in the city of St. Louis in pursuance of an invitation he accepted. His reply to the toughs who made these threats is calm, dignified and unanswerable.

When President Hayes visited the South, in 1878, he never heard an insult from Southern lips. He was received with deep and earnest courtesy everywhere. This too in spite of the fact that the Southern people knew that Mr. Hayes was not the rightful President of the United States, but was fraudulently seated and that three Southern States had been the forced instruments of the fraud.

We can hardly conceive of circumstances under which the backgroundism of Tuttle and his Iowa associates would be tolerated in the South. It certainly could never stand for one day against the President of this republic, no matter what bills he had signed or left unsigned. Tuttle & Co. are a hard lot and it looks bad for their surroundings that they were not squelched by swifter and lighter methods than the crushing blow dealt by Grover Cleveland's fearless hand this morning.—[Atlanta Constitution.]

Every Editor Feels the Same Way.

A prominent newspaper publisher in this city, who has gained fame also in the literary world, once told me that he considered it an effort for any one to say to him: "Now, don't print this in your paper." In the course of any conversation held in his presence, I feel like echoing the same opinion. Certain news is entirely legitimate, no matter where heard or obtained, but a newspaper man respects private affairs and personal feelings just as much as any one else, if he is a man of principle. To be thought differently of always reminds me of the story of the musician and an eminent surgeon who met one evening at a social entertainment. The surgeon said to the musician: "Of course you have brought your violin." "N, I have not," said the musician. "It is not you not going to play or do something to add to the entertainment of Mrs. Blank's guests?" asked the surgeon. "I have no thought of it," said the violinist, "but if you will cut off my leg I will play something." That musician was a wise man. I wish he might set an example to a good many others; it would save some people a good deal of annoyance.—[Max E. Lot in Boston Herald.]

A scientist is responsible for the statement that hair round the mouth impairs the mental faculties. He says all great orators, statesmen, ministers and lawyers wear a smooth face.

Drunkennes or the Liquor Habit Positively Cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. IT NEVER FAILS. The system once impregnated with the Specific it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For full particulars, address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race st., Cincinnati, O.

HUSTONVILLE, LINCOLN COUNTY.

—Mr. Winter Wright, some four miles from this place on the Liberty road, had his dwelling and smoke-house burned last Wednesday. Furniture generally saved.

—Mrs. Sam Miller, who is in delicate health, is spending some time with her brother, Mr. John Good. Miss Ella Peyton is visiting relatives here. Harry Hocker (Bub) is spending his summer vacation pleasantly at his old home in this place.

—One of the best known of our citizens has returned from a visit to Missouri, prettily thoroughly disgusted with that State. I refer to Archie Bailey, of color. Arch is by no means an ordinary character. His virtues are not such as would generally be considered ornamental or useful to a Christian; but then his few virtues are decidedly of a gentlemanly stamp. Wine, women and "old sledge" are the rocks on which he has usually split in a protracted life voyage. Like all the Bailey family, he is possessed of considerable legal acumen, and a large share of administrative ability, which is illustrated in the manner in which he secured his return. Fortune does not seem to have smiled propitiously on him during his exile, and the problem for Arch to solve was how should he win his way back to Kentucky. Getting together the judge, clerk, attorney and sheriff he said: "Gentlemen, I am a stranger in a strange land. My sands of life are running low and my financial ends have all run out. I have a strong desire to lay my battered body to rest amid familiar scenes. Have you sympathy for the aged stranger? But, as this is a utilitarian age, take another view. One or the other of two things must be done. Either furnish funds to pay my way back to my waiting friends, or make immediate provision for me in your county poor-house." It is unnecessary to add that the wisdom of the court grasped the question. The needful fund was raised, the ticket purchased and the sheriff courteously saw Arch safe aboard the train, and watched until it was fairly under way. Arch is not certain whether this last attention was an evidence of kindly sympathy, or a suspicion that he might at the last moment decide to remain in Missouri.

New York servantalism has taken a surprising turn. Some of that species, in advertising for situations, wind up their appeals with the information that they want places in "adult families only." This, taken in connection with the established prejudice entertained by landlords for families with children, leads the Herald to remark, with great truth, that "it appears as if the man who attempts to rear sons and daughters for the republic is being put under ban. As a penalty for his offense he may not find a roof to cover him nor a servant to prepare his food. He and his wife must accept some obscure shelter, rejected by the honored bachelor or the proud, childless couple, and there, abhorred by landlords and boycotted by 'help,' surreptitiously bring up their unhappy offspring."—[Nashville American.]

Perhaps the only instance on record where a suit was ever filed against the Savior of the world occurred in Kansas. Before the present city of St. John was ever thought of, a small settlement of Mormons was made on its site. The place was called Zion's valley. One Jacob Biller built a Mormon church, which was deeded to Jesus Christ. A lien was retained for the cost of construction, with the understanding that the members of the church would pay it off. This was not done and the grantor brought suit against the grantee, obtained judgment and sold the church for the debt, all of which appeared on record.

The Rev. Small, partner of Sam Jones, was once called by the irreverent Henry Waterson, "a crank and the possessor of a stomach with a thousand strings." In Henry county the other day the Rev. Small said there might be a thousand or more strings in his stomach, but he would rather have it than Henry's stomach, "which, if it could be removed from the walls of hell, would cause the buzzard's of damnation to hold their noses, flap their wings and fly away." There are no lies in Brother Small, nor is there a string tied to Henry Waterson's stomach.

HIGH LIFE IN DAKOTA.—Among the presents received by the young people were the following: From groom to bride, one bull pup, one yaller dog, pair of water spaniels and a pure meerscham pipe with tobacco. From bride to groom, one good shot gun, one bowie-knife, rifle and three dogs. From parents of bridegroom, one fiddle, one banjo, spotted pup and six pounds of tobacco. From the Shotgun Club, of which the young couple were members, one English mastiff and a pair of silver-mounted pistols.

It is seldom that a young couple starts out in life so well equipped for perfect happiness, and Jack and Jule have the best wishes of the office.—[Dakota Sunflower.]

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

FIRST ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF

The Lincoln Co. Stock Fair

—ASSOCIATION,—

—To be Held On—

THURSDAY & FRIDAY, JULY 23 & 24, '87.

NEAR STANFORD, KY.

OFFICERS.

PRESIDENT—S. H. BAUGHMAN.
VICE PRESIDENTS—George Miller Green, W. J. Lyle, Boyle, Crit Davis, Boyle, Joe Embree, Madison, Wilham Beazley, Garrard, J. W. F. Parker, Pulaski, John W. Whit, Casey.
DIRECTORS—C. R. Harris, John G. Lynn, I. M. Bruce, Forrestus Reid, I. G. Weatherford, Porter Sandiligo, Sam M. Owens, Thomas Robinson, Will James.
TREASURER—G. H. McKinney, Sec'y, J. H. BAUGHMAN.
CHIEF MARSHAL—T. D. Newland.
FIELD MARSHALS—Charlie McRoberts, John H. Engleman, John S. Hays, Diak Farmer.

LIST OF PREMIUMS:

FIRST DAY, THURSDAY, 23.	
1. Best Bull under 2 years old.....	\$ 10.00
2. Best Bull 2 years old and over.....	10.00
3. Best Cow under 2 years.....	10.00
4. Best Cow 2 years and over.....	10.00
JERSEY CATTLE.	
5. Best Cow under 2 years, special premium by Owens & Craig, dealers in Dry Goods, Notions, &c.....	\$ 10.00
6. Best Cow 2 years old and over.....	10.00
7. Best Heifer, 1 Bull and 3 Cows or Heifers Special premium by A. A. Warren, dealer in Groceries, Fancy Water Sets, &c., and \$10 added by the Association.	10.00
8. Best Stallion under 1 year old.....	\$ 12.00
9. Best Stallion or Gelding 1 and under 2 years.....	10.00
10. Best Stallion 2 and under 3 years.....	10.00
11. Best Stallion 3 and under 4 years.....	10.00
12. Best Stallion 4 years and over.....	10.00
13. Best Mare or Gelding 1 and under 2 years.....	10.00
14. Best Walking Stallion, Mare or Gelding, Special Premium by J. E. and J. R. Farris, Breeders of Fancy Saddle Horses, &c.....	10.00
15. Best Mare or Gelding 2 and under 3.....	\$ 10.00
16. Best Mare or Gelding 3 and under 4.....	10.00
17. Best Mare 4 years and over.....	\$ 10.00
Trotting Race on Track:	
18. 3 Minute class best 2 in 3 Mile Heat.....	\$ 100.00
19. 575 to the first, \$25 to the second.	
20. Best Hackaway Mare or Gelding.....	10.00
21. Special Premium by A. T. Nunnally, Livestock.....	10.00
Thorough-bred Horses:	
22. Best Stallion under 2 years.....	\$ 10.00
23. Best Stallion 2 and over.....	10.00
24. Best Mare under 2 years.....	10.00
25. Best Mare 2 and over.....	10.00
26. Special Premium by S. H. Baughman, dealer in thorough-breds and jack stock, suckling colts of either sex the get of any stallion, the season of 1886, to Congressmen.....	25.00
27. Best combined Mare or Gelding.....	15.00
28. Best pair of Horses or Mares regardless of sex, color or ownership.....	20.00
29. Best Roadster Gelding.....	20.00

SECOND DAY, JULY 24.

Jack Stock.	
30. Best Jack under 2 years.....	\$ 10.00
31. Best Jack 2 years and over.....	10.00
32. Best Jennet under 2 years.....	10.00
33. Best Jennet, 2 years and over.....	10.00
Mares.	
34. Best Horse Mule under 2 years.....	\$ 10.00
35. Best Horse Mule 2 years and over.....	10.00
36. Best Mare Mule under 2 years.....	10.00
37. Best Mare Mule 2 years and over.....	10.00
38. Best Pair Mules shown in Harness.....	10.00
39. Best Mare and Mule Colt either sex.....	10.00
40. Best Mare and Horse Colt either sex.....	10.00
Horses for Saddle Purposes.	
41. Best Stallion or Gelding 2 years and under 3.....	\$ 10.00
42. Best Stallion 3 years and under 4.....	10.00
43. Best Stallion 4 years and over.....	10.00
44. Best Saddle Mare any age.....	15.00
45. Best Saddle Stallion any age.....	15.00
Model Ring.	
46. Best Stallion, Mare or Gelding, Special Premium by Hocker & Bright, Dealers in Groceries, Hardware, &c.....	\$ 10.00
Trotting Race.	
47. 2:46 Class on the track, best 2 in 3, mile heats. First \$75; second, \$25.....	\$ 100.00
48. Special Premium by Thomas Robinson, Breeder of Trotters—Best Colt of any age, the get of his stallion for the season of 1886.....	25.00
49. Special Premium by Metcalf & Foster Groceries, Hardware, Cattery, &c.—Fastest Gentlemen's Saddle Horse, dash half mile.....	10.00
Harness Stock Continued.	
50. Best Mare Colt under 1 year.....	\$ 10.00
51. Best Mare, 1 year and under 2.....	10.00
52. Best Mare, 2 years and under 3.....	10.00
53. Best Mare, 3 years and under 4.....	10.00
54. Best Mare, 4 years and over.....	10.00
55. Special Premium by J. E. & J. R. Farris,—Best Suckling Colt, either sex, the get of Silver King the season of 1886.....	10.00
56. Best Fancy Mare or Gelding in Harness Sweepstake.....	15.00
57. Best Harness Stallion any age.....	15.00
58. Best Harness Mare any age.....	15.00

GATE FEES:

Footman.....	\$.50
Horse and Rider.....	.50
Vehicle and Driver.....	.50
Persons 10 years old and under 15.....	.25
Persons under 10 free.....	
4-Horse Omnibus per day.....	5.00
2-Horse Omnibus or Hack.....	3.00

Send for Catalogue, containing rules and regulations and other information.

DR. W. B. PENNY, DENTIST, Stanford, - - Kentucky

Office on Lancaster street, next door to LEXINGTON JOURNAL. Office hours from 8 to 12 A. M. and 1 to 5 P. M. Anesthetics administered when necessary.

WHEAT WANTED!

W. N. Potts, the Manager of the Stanford Roller Mills Company, will purchase Wheat. Parties wishing to sell or exchange wheat will call and see him at the Mill, 243-41 STANFORD ROLLER MILLS COMPANY.

MILLINERY.

I am daily opening an elegant line of Spring and Summer Millinery, including all

The Latest Novelties of the Season.

Also Notions, such as Handkerchiefs, Collars and Cuffs, Rushing, Corsets, Etc., Etc. You will find me at the rooms lately vacated by Sully & Warren, next door to the Myers House.

KATE DUDDELL.

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341 Fifth Street,

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Rooms 3 and 5, Cromie Block. (104-17.)

PEARSON & CLARK,

Wholesale Grocers

LEXINGTON, KY.

12 & 14 West Main Street.

203-6m

TAXES! TAXES!

The New Revenue Law adds six per cent. to all taxes unpaid by the first day of September, and I will have to collect it. So please come forward and settle.

T. D. NEWLAND, S. L. C.

NEWCOMB HOTEL.

MT. VERNON, KY.

This old and well-known Hotel is still main-

taining its fine reputation. Charges reasonable.

Special attention to the traveling public.

M. P. NEWCOMB, Prop'r,

33-6m Mt. Vernon, Ky.

R. S. MARTIN. JNO. M. PERKINS.

BROADHEAD, KY., May, 1887.

Albright & Martin beg to inform their many

friends and customers of the change in firm name

to

MARTIN & PERKINS.

The new firm hopes, not only to sustain the

reputation of the old, but intends to make many

improvements in the manufacture of tobacco which

will be to the interest of our customers. We will

devote special attention to our Natural Leaf brands

of Kentucky's best leaf, thanking you for past

patrons and asking for a continuation of your trade,

we remain,

Respectfully yours,

MARTIN & PERKINS.

DR. I. S. BURDETT,

OCULIST.

BROADHEAD, KY.

Has had an experience of over fifteen years, and

has successfully treated hundreds of cases. Spe-

cial attention is given to the treatment of all dis-

eases of the eye. Name and address of patients

cured given on application if desired. 220-6m.

PIANOS!

The world-renowned Knabe, the famous De-

cker & Son,

Stanford, Ky., - - - July 19, 1887

W. P. WALTON.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

F. R. GOVERNOR—SIMON BOLIVAR BUCKNER, of Hart County.
 LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR—JAMES W. BRYAN, of Kenton county.
 ATTORNEY GENERAL—P. W. HARDIN, of Mercer county.
 AUDITOR—FAYETTE HEWITT, of Hardin county.
 TARRANTER—JAMES W. TATE, of Woodford county.
 SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION—JOSEPH DESHA PICKETT, of Fayette county.
 REGISTER OF THE LAND OFFICE—THOMAS H. CORBETT, of McCracken county.
 LEGISLATURE—DR. J. D. PETTUS, Lincoln county.

To FALL back on a friend and an innocent one at that, when caught in a falsehood, adds cowardice to the other crime and drives the one guilty of such action from the pale of decent consideration. Such is Bradley's predicament. He plainly charged in his speech here before he had seen Jim Jones, that Gen. Buckner's Lexington speech was written by Gov. Knott and grew very funny, he imagined, in his reference to the ear marks, "Procrustes and Iphigeneia's Spear" which left no doubt in his mind of its authorship. He had not seen or even heard from Jones then and his effort to ring that gentleman into the disreputable business has miscarried by his denial in a card over his signature of being the author of the slander. When Bradley entered the race for the governorship and his party honored him with the nomination, his friends of the opposing political party scorned him the courtesies that are due to one occupying his position, but his canvass of double dealing, chicanery and slander have disgusted even his warmest supporters and driven away the respect entertained for him by his political enemies. The contemptuous manner with which the grand old hero treated him at Grayson but expresses the feelings of all unbiased men and leaves Mr. Bradley in the most unenviable position a man was ever placed in. He entered the canvass as an apparently decent man; he will retire from it with his real character revealed and his true inwardness disclosed.

THE Monticello Signal is a newspaper, and we trust you will not allow it to escape your memory. Its issue of the 14th contains a notice of the death of Senator Logan, which occurred last Christmas, along with a picture of the deceased. It is a little late, of course, to make the announcement, but as it has not had time and space to do so before now, and being desirous of publishing all the news, the effort should be warmly appreciated. Which leads us to remark that you will please never give that paper out. It may not give the news the same year it happens, but it will get there all the same, and don't you forget it.

No democratic speaker has so far honored Lincoln with his presence, but we have an abiding faith that the old county will do her duty on election day and give our ticket the usual majority. She will if those who have heretofore acted with the democrats will stick to the party and not allow themselves to be led off on a moral idea, which has no place in politics. But few republicans will be caught with such chaff. Let the democratic birds be equally as wise.

SENATOR JOHN D. HARRIS, who has conducted himself in an admirable manner since his defeat for the gubernatorial nomination, introduced Gen. Buckner at Richmond Saturday in a way that filled the old hero with gratitude. As Senator Blackburn remarked at the Garrard barbecue, everybody will be for Harris for governor four years from now.

CARLISLE, which has had local option for two years, is to vote again on the question in August. Editor Keller says that there has been a decided improvement in the morals of the town since whisky was voted out and that he is for letting the law stand as it is for another two years at least.

THE poor women who are afflicted with only one baby this torrid weather can console themselves with the thought that it might be worse. Look for instance at the Indiana woman, Mrs. James Kinney. She has just given birth to four and is "doing as well as could be expected, thank you."

FLANIGAN, whose famous inquiry at the Chicago republican convention, "What are we here for if not for 'the office'?" is stamping Texas for prohibition, evidently imagining that the road to the coveted offices lies in that direction.

AFTER numerous efforts to get a candidate for the legislature, the Lexington prohibitionists have secured William Van Pelt, a republican, who has agreed to stay with them till the last day in the afternoon.

INTENSE heat prevails all over the country and people are dying from sunstroke by the hundreds. Nine died in Louisville and 15 in Cincinnati Sunday, and the record in other cities is more alarming.

THE telegraph brings the sad intelligence that the pretty wife of the President is having her beauty spoiled for the time with a sty on her eye. What a pity!

OWEN COUNTY is to have a big barbecue on the 27th, to which Hon. Evan Settle invites all the democrats of this section. It's going to be a roarer.

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—William Glenn, leading grocer of Cincinnati, is dead.

—Marion Miller, an aged and wealthy citizen of Jersamine, is dead.

—John Thomas, rape, jail, mob of 200, dead negro, Union City, Tenn.

—Frederick Krupp, the great German steel gun manufacturer, is dead.

—M. E. Rogers was found dead in bed at Midway, having died of apoplexy.

—Eighteen Iowa prohibitionists met at Des Moines and nominated a State ticket.

—Flux prevails at Harrodsburg almost in an epidemic form and is especially fatal among children.

—Judge Noonan, of St. Louis, decided that playing base ball was not a violation of the Sunday law.

—A bursting iron mold, at the Union Steel Works, Chicago, burned nine men and three of them died.

—Judge R. E. Cowan, Supreme Keeper of Records and Seals of the Knights of Pythias, died at his home in St. Louis from tumor.

—A Wisconsin man who murdered his wife 14 years ago, has just had it proved on him and he has been sentenced to life imprisonment.

—A young man in Marshall county was fined \$50 for hugging his sweetheart for three minutes without previously gaining her consent.

—The Sons of Temperance, in convention at Boston, voted unanimously in favor of a prohibition amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

—A lot of brutes took Mrs. Anna Rogers from her home near Danville, Ind., stripped her of every stitch of clothing and then tarred and feathered her.

—A church in Tennesse county, Tenn., was struck by lightning and the entire congregation worshipping at the time was prostrated, one woman being killed.

—Fire broke out in the St. Joseph Orphan Asylum, New York, Friday night, but the 200 sleeping children were rescued alive by almost superhuman efforts.

—G. H. Ensel, the jolly Somerset dutchman, who has been in business there for many years, has assigned, with liabilities of \$6,000, against estimated assets of \$1,500.

—Billy West, the famous negro minstrel, has married Miss Morris, of Camden, New Jersey, daughter of a late United States minister to Turkey, and an heiress in her own right.

—E. H. Gaither bought Harrodsburg Springs, the government property, which sold at auction Friday for \$19,000 cash. It is reported that the purchase was for a Louisville syndicate.

—Jim Lynch, the cowardly scoundrel who called W. R. May to his door in Grayson county and killed him with a heavy charge of buckshot, has been brought to Louisville to prevent his lynching.

—Gid Cowan, a negro, shot Will Wilson, a white boy, at Somerset, putting eight buckshot into his body. They had had a quarrel and the negro got a gun and deliberately laid for him.

—Col. Reynolds, a prominent South Carolinian, has just died, leaving his estate of \$600,000 to his colored concubine, by whom he had a number of children, and the will has created quite a sensation.

—The General Council of Louisville adopted a resolution inviting the President to visit that city October 4, on the occasion of the session of the Industrial and Commercial Conference to be held there at that time.

—The British Commission appointed to investigate Pasteur's method of protection against rabies report that his discovery is comparable with that protection which vaccination affords against infection from small pox.

—Jacob Sharp, the man who bribed the New York aldermen to obtain street-car franchises of great value, has been sentenced to four years in Sing Sing and to pay a fine of \$5,000. He is 70 years old and in feeble health.

—The democrats of Fayette county will give a barbecue at Erier Hill, near the Bryant's Station Fort, four and a half miles from Lexington, next Wednesday. Messrs. Carlisle, Beck, Blackburn and Breckinridge will be the speakers.

—Charles Grose, a wealthy citizen of Cincinnati, hanged himself with the elevator rope in a furniture factory owned by himself. While worth \$30,000, he had an idea that he would become poverty stricken and it is thought this hallucination unbalanced his mind.

—The envelope manufacturers of New York and New England have entered into a combination, called the Standard Envelope Company, to raise the price of their products, which they claim have been so low for several years that there was little profit in the business.

—A New York paper says that the Knights of Labor have lost 400,000 members during the past 14 months and that the dissolution of the order is eminent. The American Federation of Labor now numbers over 500,000 men, or as many as the knights and is rapidly growing.

—An excursion train on the Grand Trunk Railway ran into a freight train of oil cars on the Michigan Central, at a crossing at St. Thomas, Ont. The oil took fire and enveloped one of the cars of the passenger train. At 9:30 Friday evening, nine bodies, burned to a crisp, had been taken from the wreck.

—A London special says that Mrs. Frank Leslie has declined an offer of marriage from Prince Eristoff, and the Prince has left London without challenging the Marquis de Leuville, who attacked him with a whip while he was riding with Mrs. Leslie. The Prince's neglect to fight a duel is said to be in deference to the earnest request of Mrs. Leslie that he avoid any further trouble.

—In New York this hot weather 12,000,000 glasses of lager beer are consumed daily.

—John Thomas, negro, was lynched by farmers at Union City, Ind., from a tree in the Court-house yard. The crime was rape.

—Henry Whitham and C. F. Lawton were instantly killed in a collision on Greenwood Lake railway, New Jersey. Engineer's watch 12 minutes slow, the cause.

—The last of the brothers, G. & C. Merriam, publishers of Webster's Dictionary, died at Springfield, Mass., last week, aged 81. They have been publishing the dictionary ever since Noah Webster's death.

—Miss Frances Marion Lisle, daughter of the well-known turfman, Rufus Lisle, died at the home of her father, near Lexington, from the effects of injuries received by being thrown from a surrey about two weeks ago.

—The jury in the contest of old Abe Ronnick's will at Winchester hung 10 to 2 for the will and were discharged. Over \$350,000 is involved, there were 120 witnesses examined and 30 lawyers engaged, including Blackburn, Carlisle, Lindsay, Bronston and other able advocates. Those who wish to break the will claim that his concubine had undue influence over the testator.

—Prof. L. V. Dodge spoke here on the 14th to an audience of less than a dozen.

—Mrs. Isaac Coffey is very low with consumption and is expected to live but a short time.

—T. T. Wallace, under the beguiling influence of the lightning rod man, has taken to the road in that line of business.

—Jop Thompson, the last man to leave Elkin's Woods, arrived here Sunday evening tired and footsore, with wool in his teeth and war in his eye.

—A little daughter of George Painter was thrown from a horse and considerably bruised up at Purcell school house, Sunday, after the closing of the S. S. Convention.

—Jim Dick Chandler and one of our merchants have entered into an agreement under a forfeit of a \$35 suit of clothes chargeable to the one who first "drinks and bee merry."

—N. H. Tyree, agent at Paris, was here Saturday and Sunday. Mr. T. L. Medcalfe, acting agent at Pine Hill, was called home to Parkville Thursday on account of the sickness of his wife. Miss Mattie May Adams and sister have returned from Bryansville.

—Miss Cleo Williams has returned from Crab Orchard. Miss Katie Butner, of Brodhead, is visiting this place. Mrs. W. T. Brooke, of Paris, is visiting her parents here. W. B. Crenshaw returned to Mississippi Saturday. Mrs. M. C. Bragg is in Garrard.

—The S. S. Convention held in a grove at Purcell on the 16th and 17th was largely attended and the exercises were entertaining and instructive. The rain on Sunday interfered with the proceedings at half past eleven and not having sufficient shelter for the congregation they adjourned.

—Some of the citizens in the western part of the county say that electioneering for Fox is being carried on in some of the Sunday-schools by both men and women speakers, and request us to say that in their visit to a school a week since, had they known a political speech was to have been delivered, they would have brought speakers along for Bradley and Buckner.

—Married, in Zanesville, O., at the Kim Hotel, on Thursday, July 7th, Mr. Harry M. Miller to Miss Anna Evans. Mr. Miller is a son of M. J. Miller, the oldest merchant of this place, and his wife a daughter of Capt. A. H. Evans, formerly of Ohio, now a citizen of this county. The young people met with no objection from either family as far as we can learn, but meant, after having the ceremony performed during a visit of the young lady to Zanesville, to keep it a secret for a short time, but the matter leaked out, as such things often will within a day. The couple will return to this place next month.

—Gilbert Coffey, the man who was shot last week, is still living and may probably pull through. Saturday morning the doctor shaved him up and probed the wound and found that the ball had entered the lower part of his chin, ranging upward, knocked out two teeth and passed out through his upper lip. The bullet wound is not so bad as his other injuries. Coffey says that after he was shot he ran about 30 yards and fell, when two more shots were fired at him by the Wards and they jumped upon him with their heavy boots and stamped, kicked and pounded him until they thought he was dead. Coffey has great bruises on his sides and breast and the back part of his head was pounded almost to a jelly. The pallet of his mouth was found to be down and after performing an operation on it the doctor says there is a chance of his recovery. The Wards have not been apprehended.

—No marriage license has been issued by the county clerk since the 22d day of May.

—Terra Cotta best Hindoo Rose at Chicago Saturday evening. Time 2:41. The stake was worth \$2,700. Only these two horses ran.

—Mr. W. S. Holman, of Athens, Ga., is in town. He is a prominent stock dealer and the time is looking for enough good mules to make a car load.

—In the county court this morning the will of the late Judge F. T. Fox was admitted to record. Everything is left to his wife, Mrs. Eliza J. Fox.

—Mr. John S. Hoskins and Mr. W. Hopli are very ill with kidney disease. Bee Hoskins, the blind son of the first named, is also very ill with consumption.

—Capt. H. T. Craig had the misfortune to loose a good horse one day last week. He had been hitched with a long rope which wound around his legs and finally threw him, breaking his thigh.

—Capt. T. D. English sold to-day at auction 5 shares of Boyle National Bank stock to Wm. Yeager at \$185; two shares of same to C. R. Anderson at \$187; five shares of Citizens National Bank stock to J. C. Fales at \$170; five of same to J. G. Weisegar at \$170.10.

—Two colored women, Georgianne Allen and Georgianne Hoskins were before the police court on Saturday charged with using violent and abusive language toward each other. The court dismissed both defendants upon payment of costs.

—"Is it hot enough for you?" These words were uttered this morning by a young man named M. Chiles to Col. Matt Smith, a bad man from Mercer county. They had scarcely passed his lips when the Colonel slew him and buried him at his own expense. The coroner's jury thought the provocation justified the homicide and accordingly acquitted the Colonel.

—Bettie Caldwell was before County Judge Lee on Saturday, on a charge of keeping a house of "ill-shape." Waiving an examination, her bond was fixed at \$100. Before she had an opportunity to give the bond, and her ability to do so was very doubtful, the court, upon a suggestion from the county attorney, increased the bond, making it \$150. The defendant has not given the bond and is now in jail.

—Miss Mary Duke has returned to her home in Danville, after an absence of about three years in Missouri. Rev. W. F. Taylor, of Covington, former pastor here, is on a visit to his friends. Squire W. H. Prewitt has returned from Cincinnati, where he has been for three weeks waiting on his son, D. L. Prewitt, who has been very ill of typhoid fever. Squire Prewitt left him convalescent, but very weak. Rev. David Fennessy, President of St. Mary's College, is the guest of Rev. A. J. Brady.

—The public school, taught by Prof. Ed Higgins, will begin on next Monday, July 25th.

—Terra Cotta made his friends feel good again Saturday, by winning the Finality stakes at Chicago.

—Commodore Grainger gives a party to-night in honor of his visitors, Messrs. Faulkner and Drake, of Lexington.

—Now that the big barbecue is over, our people are talking about the heat and they have a right to do so, for it is as hot as it can well be just now.

—Judge Pherigo resigned the office of police judge Saturday night and Col. M. D. Hughes was appointed by the city council in his stead. So it is now Judge Hughes, I thank you!

—W. C. Wherritt and wife and Mrs. Sol Lezinsky, Louisville, were at W. H. Wherritt's Friday. Mrs. J. P. Barbee and daughter, of Denver, and Judge Sandifer and wife, Russellville, are visiting the family of J. P. Sandifer, Esq. Judge Walker and Capt. M. Salter went to Richmond Saturday. Major Evans and wife, of the College, went to Harrodsburg Saturday. Col. Nick White, J. Henderson Brown, Major Joe Tarkington and Capt. Henry Hankla were at the barbecue. James I. Hamilton, John Johnson, Samuel Joseph and others went from here to the camp meeting at High Bridge Sunday. Did Cowan was in the city Saturday. Mr. Owen Ellis has accepted a position as clerk at the Gilcher House, Danville. Prof. J. M. Harbinson left for his home in Boyle, yesterday. He returns here to open his school September 5th.

RELIGIOUS.

—The High Bridge Camp Meeting is in full blast and the Cincinnati Southern will take you there at one fare for the round-trip.

—Fire in the plate department of Hammond & Sons' iron works at Pittsburg Sunday evening destroyed property valued at \$150,000.

—An interesting letter from Mr. Barnes was received too late for this issue. He is at Rugby, Tenn., and will likely go from there to Cumberland Falls.

—Eld. J. G. Livingston has been down with a fever for several weeks, which accounts for his failure to meet his appointments. He is convalescing now and expects to be able to work in about three weeks.

—Sam Jones made a flat failure at New Castle. He seems to have about run out his day of grotesque pulpit buffoonery. He said to the people of Henry county, at least to the few who came to hear him: "The people here have disappointed me, and I intend to tell you that, as far as any good the Lord is likely to receive, you are not worth hell room."—[Louisville Democrat.]

—The President and Mrs. Cleveland are expected to be in St. Louis October 2.

—After meeting Gen. Buckner Mr. Bradley has concluded that it wasn't as much fun as he thought.—[Owensboro Inquirer.]

—Fred Douglass recently said in Paris, "I have traveled through most of the countries of Europe, and whenever I am in the cars, in the theaters, in the ball-room, anywhere in fact, I find that I am treated all ways with courtesy, and not rarely with distinguished consideration. As far as I can see a man is judged over here without any regard to the color of his hair, his eyes or his skin."

—The chance of drawing a prize in a lottery is one in 70,000. Yet people violate laws and common sense and decency to patronize those swindles. They walk into the trap with their eyes open.

JULY 1ST, 1887.

Your Accounts are due and ready

PLEASE PAY PROMPTLY.

Unpaid Accounts of 1886 not Settled at once will be Collected by an Officer.

BRUCE & McROBERTS,

FRUIT JARS

—AT—

T. R. WALTON'S.

FRUIT CANS

—AT—

T. R. WALTON'S

SCYTHES & SNATHS

—AT—

T. R. WALTON'S.

BACON WANTED

—BY—

T. R. WALTON

JOE F. WATERS

JOHN P. DAVIS

WATERS & DAVIS,

—Dealers In—

Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Etc.

MAIN STREET, - - - - STANFORD, KY.

Our stock is comprehensive and brand new and prices suit even the closest of close buyers. Come to see us early and often.

A. R. PENNY,

PHARMACIST,

Drugs, Books, Stationery and Fancy Articles.

Physicians' prescriptions accurately compounded.

JEWELER.

The Largest Stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware

Ever bought to this market. Prices Lower than the Lowest. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired on short notice and Warranted.



L. & N. LOCAL TIME CARD

Mail train going North.....12:30 P. M.
South.....1:30 P. M.
Express train.....1:45 A. M.
North.....1:50 A. M.
The above is calculated on standard time. Solar
time is about 20 minutes faster.

K. C. LOCAL TIME CARD.

Trains leave Rowland at 5 and 7:20 A. M.
Returning, arrive at 6 and 8:35 P. M.

LOCAL NOTICES.

The best ready mixed paints are to be
had at A. R. Penny's.

ASK your grocer for the Cincinnati Baking
Co.'s crackers and cakes.

WATCHES and Jewelry repaired on short
notice and warranted by A. R. Penny.

A COMPLETE stock of jewelry, latest
style. Rockford watches a specialty. A.
R. Penny.

The firm of Penny & McAllister having
dissolved, the accounts are ready for settle-
ment. Come at once and settle. You may
save cost.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. M. E. PREWITT has gone on a
visit to Boyle.

MISS CYNTHIA CARSON is on a visit to
her friends here.

MISS MINA PHELPS, of Madison, is
visiting Miss Mary McKinney.

Mrs. W. G. DUNN and little daughter
are visiting relatives in Monticello.

MR. J. D. OATS, of Monticello, is vis-
iting his daughter, Mrs. J. R. Davis.

MISS LUCILLA BRIGHT, of Stanford, is
at the Alexander. [Courier-Journal.]

REV. P. G. ELSOM and wife left for a
several weeks' visit in Virginia yesterday.

Mrs. GEORGE H. BRUCE and Howard
returned yesterday from a visit to Alum
Springs.

MISS LEO AND ANNIE GRUBBS, of
Lexington, are the guests of Miss Josie
Bosley.

MR. AND MRS. BOWMAN SMITH, of
McKinney, have been the guest of Mr. Sam
Owens' family.

Mrs. J. S. HUNTER and little daughter,
of Springfield, are visiting at Mr. Reu-
ben Engleman's.

MISS ANNIE SHANKS went to Win-
chester yesterday to be the guest of her
friend, Miss Ragland.

MISS LIZIE STOUTER and Laura
Johnston, of Louisville, are visiting their
aunt, Mrs. J. B. Gover.

MR. JOHN M. HALL went to Somerset
Friday to attend the meeting of the pro-
posed bank at that place.

Mrs. J. E. FARRIS was called to Crab
Orchard Saturday by the continued serious
illness of little Jennie Evans.

Mrs. CHARLES W. KREMER was called
back to New Albany by the perhaps fatal
illness of her father-in-law.

W. L. STEPHENSON, Esq., an old resi-
dent of Stanford, but now of Kansas, is
back on a visit to friends here.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN METCALF, of
Nicholasville, came over to see Mrs. Car-
penter, who appears to be sinking.

Mrs. SOWELL GIVENS, Misses Berta
Givens and Forethe, and Elder and Mrs.
Green Lee Surber are at Hale's Well.

FISHER GAINES, who has been living
in Florida for the past year or two, is with
his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Gaines.

DR. BRONAUER, who has been down
two weeks, is out again and so is H. J. Mc
Roberts, who has been ill for several days.

MR. AND MRS. R. C. WOODS, of Gar-
rard, have been visiting their daughter,
Mrs. J. C. Hays. Mr. Hays continues in
bad health.

J. A. CARPENTER has gone to attend
the Station Agents' Convention at Minne-
apolis and Tom Guthrie is filling his place
at the depot.

MISS LILLIE AND ANNIE BARNES, of
Carrollton, Miss., spent Sunday here on
their way to Paint Lick, where they will
visit relatives.

JOSHUA STONE, of Kentucky, has been
appointed to a \$900 position in the Bureau
of Navigation. [Courier-Journal.] Wash-
ington dispatch.

MISS MATTIE AND MAGGIE OWSELEY,
two of Stanford's most attractive and ac-
complished young ladies, are visiting their
friend and school mate, Miss Mamie Porter.
[Glasgow Times.]

ELD H. T. WILSON, the inventor of
the Florence Washing Machine, which has
become such a favorite here, paid Stanford
a visit last week. Besides being an inven-
tor Elder Wilson is pastor of the Harrods-
burg Christian church, by which he is held
in high esteem.

HON. WILLIAM BERKELEY, the ex rep-
resentative of Garrard, took in the Barbe-
cue and looked as much at home as the
best democrat. Mr. Berkeley is a whole-
souled, jovial man, who is always at home
with gentlemen, whether they be of his pol-
itical faith or not.

DAN E. O'SULLIVAN, managing editor
of the Louisville Commercial, and his friend,
Merriweather, passed up to Rock Castle
Springs yesterday. Only the millionaire
city editors can afford the luxury of springs
going. We country devils have to work
and ease the terrible heat.

LOCAL MATTERS.

GREAT GODFREY how hot it is!

OUR hour for supper is 6:30. Those de-
siring supper will please let me know at
least an hour before that time. This notice
is meant for those who come out late in the
afternoon. A. L. Spoonamore, proprietor
Hale's Well.

FINEST California Fruits at T. R. Wal-
ton's.

FRESH line of pants patterns for the Fair.
Oasley & Craig.

W. L. DAWSON and W. H. Simpson
caught a cat fish in Dix river that weighed
14 1/2 pounds.

The building of the new hotel at Nich-
olasville was awarded to Capt. W. E.
Grubbs, of Shelby City, at \$17,000.

It is now thought that the negro Logan
is the same rascal who entered the room of
Misses Maggie and Jennie Hocker several
weeks ago, but was frightened away by
their screams and Uncle Harrison's pistol.

THE attention of the stockholders of the
Lincoln Fair Association is called to the
fact that their subscription must be paid at
once. Call on J. H. Baughman, treasurer,
at the Farmers National Bank and settle.

QUICK WORK.—Reporter A. A. War-
ren received a check from the Knights of
Honor yesterday for \$2,000 due on the
death of A. Miller, who departed this life
June 26th. Mr. Warren tells us that the
Lodge here paid out \$1,275.50 last year and
got back \$4,000 in death benefits.

KILLED.—Freight train No. 21, M. F.
Hulet engineer, ran over and killed a man
near Williamsburg on Friday last. He
was seen drinking at Mahan's and it is sup-
posed that he fell on the track and was too
drunk to move. He lived at Williams-
burg and his name was Jenkins.

THE good news comes from Garrard, the
home of Mr. Bradley, that it will give a
majority for Gen. Buckner and the entire
democratic ticket. There are no better nor
more honorable men than those of Garrard
county, and they will be pleased at the op-
portunity to express at the polls their opin-
ion of the man who, to satisfy his ambition
for place, has slandered an honorable ad-
versary and attempted to place upon a
friend the false statements born of his own
imagination. [Courier-Journal.]

OF the Jennie Holman troupe, which
plays here next week, the Lexington pa-
pers have nothing but praise. The follow-
ing is a sample notice: In all their stay of
two weeks here this company has so satis-
fied our people both as professionals and in
the courteous deportment of its managers,
that no adverse criticism of them has not
been heard by the writer of these lines.

While their plays have been instructive
and moralizing, they have been very funny
without in one single instance dropping
from a high standard of dramatic chastity.
[Transcript.]

JUST before Mrs. Chris Gentry retired
Sunday night, a big, burly negro stopped
at her door and asked for something to eat.
She had nothing cooked and told him to
go on. Mr. Gentry was down town at the
time, but the negro made no effort to en-
force his demand. During the night Mrs.
Gentry awakened her husband and told
him somebody was trying to get in the
window. He paid but little attention to it
though he finally went to the door. Seeing
nothing he returned to bed. Yesterday
morning, upon examination, he found that
the shutter had been broken and the win-
dow partly raised, the scamp no doubt
being frightened away by Mrs. Gentry's
timely alarm. This is the third attempt at
burglary and perhaps worse in this vicinity
in a few weeks and a few more self-act-
ing pistols and the nerve of a Mrs. Burkett
to work them, seems to be the demand of
the hour.

CONJUNCTION OF THE BRAIN.—Kindrick,
the little son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Alcorn,
fell from a gate post Saturday afternoon
and although he showed but little signs of
being badly hurt at the time he began to
hiccup after being taken to the house and
get drowsy. His sisters, Misses Annie and
Mary, thinking a drive would restore him,
took him in the phaeton, but he continued
to grow worse and by the time the lower
end of town was reached his eyes appeared
red and his body became rigid. They drove
rapidly back to Penny's drug store where
water was thrown in his face and other re-
storatives applied, with but little effect.
Dr. Peyton, Bailey and Reid were sent for
and after doing all in their power they
pronounced the case a very serious one and
had his parents who were at Dripping
Springs dispatched for. They came at
once, but found him somewhat improved
and he is still improving. Mr. Alcorn, al-
though ill, stood the shock better than
Mrs. Alcorn, who was completely prostrated
by it and has been confined to her bed
ever since.

DEAD.—James Hiatt, the young man
who was shot by the sheriff's posse while
attempting to escape after he had been ar-
rested on a charge of rape, died in great ag-
ony Saturday afternoon, the 14th day after
the shot. The circumstances of the shoot-
ing were given in these columns at the
time. After the death Hiram Hiatt, a
brother of the deceased, swore out a war-
rant charging Sam M. Owens, W. G. Riney,
John A. Allen and O. J. Newland, of the
posse, with malicious murder and it was
placed in the hands of Marshal Saunders
for execution. He came down that night
and arrested the quartet, who were at once
taken before Judge Varnon. He fixed the
trial for 10 o'clock to-morrow and placed
the men under guard until that time. Ac-
cording to their report they could have
done nothing else than shoot or let the
man escape. In justice to young Hiatt it
may be stated that the indictment charg-
ing him with rape is said to have been ob-
tained by a disolute woman out of revenge
and that there was really nothing in it. Be
this true or not the officer had no discre-
tion in the matter and his posse are satisfied
that they only did their duty.

BIRTH.—Dr. and Mrs. Hugh Reid have
assumed parental dignity and "pappy" is
the biggest man in town. The heir arrived
yesterday morning and weighs 10 pounds.
It has been named John Wesley, in honor
of both its grandpas.

NIAGARA FALLS CHEAP EXCURSION.—
The Queen and Crescent Route (Cincinnati
Southern railway) will on August 23d run
an excursion to Niagara Falls at extraor-
dinary low rates from Junction City, Lex-
ington and stations as far north as Walton,
Ky. Tickets good returning to include
August 27th.

THE collision on the K. C., near Robin-
son's Station, last week, killed Engineer
Paul and wounded several others more or
less badly. The destruction of property
was likewise considerable. Capt. Farmer
was on one of the trains but escaped un-
hurt. The cause of the collision was the
failure of Paul to obey orders.

DR. GRAHAM made a post mortem ex-
amination of James Hiatt's wound assisted
by Drs. Ostolomey, Carpenter and Helm,
but was unable to find the ball, owing to
the softening of the flesh. The deceased
was a very handsome young fellow, about
21, and perfectly sound or he could not
have gone through so much. A year or
two ago he was struck by lightning which
singed considerable hair off his head and
last winter a Dutchman named Edwards
shot him in the bowels, making a wound
that would have killed any ordinary man.
Then he lived two weeks after the fearful
shot through his kidneys, showing his won-
derful vitality.

THE time when "the earth shall melt
with fervent heat" seems upon us. Dry as
a bone, the scorching rays of the sun pour
down upon it through the long day, creat-
ing a temperature which the night reduces
but little, and leaves sweating, sweeter
humanity to parboil and simmer in vexa-
tion of spirit and agony of soul. Sunday
was the hottest day ever experienced in
the parts and yesterday was on a par
with it. The mercury ran up to 101 in
the shade and stood there nearly all day.
Several persons were prostrated by the in-
tense heat, County Clerk G. E. Cooper be-
ing the worse affected by it. He was badly
sunstruck, but was somewhat improved
yesterday.

THE stockholders of the Lincoln County
Building Association met according to no-
tice at the Court house and proceeded to
business by the election of Capt. Frank
Harris Chairman and E. C. Walton Secre-
tary. On motion the lengthy charter pass-
ed by the last legislature was read by the
secretary and then the election of a board
of directors was proceeded with. A large
number of persons were voted for, but the
following nine having received the highest
number of votes cast were declared elected:
Captain Frank Harris, J. A. Carpenter, W.
G. Welch, Smith Irwin, H. J. Darst, M. F.
Hulet, J. N. Menefee, E. H. Burnside and
W. P. Walton. For the sake of harmony
Mr. W. H. Miller, who was proposed as a
director, withdrew from the association,
but said that he would do all in his power
to aid and foster it. The directors were to
meet last night when it was understood
that Col. Welch would be chosen president.

A GENUINE HEROINE.—Mrs. Burkett
thwarted the Purpose of a Negro Fiend by
Putting a Shot Into His Vitals.—About 1
o'clock Saturday morning, Mrs. Jane Bur-
kett, who with two other ladies, some 90
years of age, are the sole occupants of a
house a little off the Crab Orchard pike,
two miles from Stanford, was aroused from
her slumbers by a noise in the room.
Thinking it was her aunt, she called to her,
but a rough voice instead answered, "Open
your mouth again and I'll blow your d-
brains out." Instead of screaming or
swooning dead away, as most women
would have done, Mrs. Burkett quietly
reached over to a chair in which lay a self-
acting revolver and commenced to fire at
the brute. Four shots were sent after him
before he got out of the room and another
as he escaped from the window. How true
her aim was did not disclose until next
morning, when Mr. J. T. O'Hair, a neigh-
bor, came over, and seeing blood on the
ground, followed the trail for several
hundred yards and found a negro man up-
on the ground. It proved to be the noto-
riously bad Bob Logan, and an examination
of his person revealed that he was shot
twice in his left arm and once in the body,
the ball entering near the heart and lodg-
ing in his bowels. When asked what it
meant he said a white man had asked him
to go with him to where they could have a
little fun; that he went after much begging
and that somebody had shot at the man and
hit him. A bucket of butter and other ar-
ticles apparently stolen were found near
him and his brother Sam, who was seen
with him at a late hour, was arrested and
lodged in jail. Bob is the same rascal who
was recently tried for raping a little negro
girl and discharged because of insufficient
proof, though there was but little doubt of
his guilt. He is one of the meanest negroes
in the country and ought to have been
hung long ago. Mrs. Burkett, who has im-
mortalized herself by her heroic action, is
the widow of the man who was killed with
a rock by the negro, West Hansford, Christ-
mas eve, 1885, who is now serving a term
in the penitentiary for it. That it was the
purpose of the brute to ravish and perhaps
murder her if necessary, is not doubted,
and her praises are upon every lip for
thwarting his purpose so bravely and effec-
tively. Like brave Jennie Eyman, her
name deserves to be handed down to future
generations, written in letters of gold and
characters of silver. A homespun dress
may cover her body and poverty may stare
her in the face, but she has demonstrated
her ability to take care of herself and served

her country nobly by ridding it of one of
its worst enemies.

MARRIAGES.
—E. F. Young and Miss Sarah Smith
were married last week.

—John Badgett and Miss Susan Sandifer
were married on the 17th.

—Harrison Martin, a young widower,
and Miss Nancy Owens, a buxom maiden,
were united on Saturday.

—Sunday, Mr. Alfred Baugh, a widower
of 43 and Mrs. E. M. Young, a widow
of the same age, were made one flesh.

LAND, STOCK AND CROP
—FOR SALE.—25 nice stock hogs. A. T.
Nunnally.

—A. T. Nunnally bought of Will Mor-
phy 54 fat hogs at 4 1/2.

—Sixty-five cents were being offered here
for wheat yesterday.

—J. S. Bosley sold his crop of wheat in
Danville at 98 cents.

—Brown Bros., nurserymen of Polaski,
have not assigned asstated.

—Givens & Carter bought 22 head of
butcher cattle at 2 1/2 to 3 cents.

—Dave Spoonamore sold to C. R. Harris
a 2-year-old gelding for \$162.50.

—The tobacco crop in Mercer will not
be 25 per cent. of that last year.

—Uncle Jerry Maxwell sold to J. E.
Lynn and Dave Prewitt 520 Tennessee
sheep for \$1,100.

—The Central Kentucky Fair Associa-
tion will give an exhibition on the grounds
near Danville, beginning Tuesday, Aug. 2,
and continuing four days.

—W. C. France sold to Dr. McMillan, of
Paris, the bay stallion Kingston, by Ken-
tucky prince, dam Rosetta by Rysdyk's
Hambletonian, for \$2,000.

—Two Jersey heifers, one and two years
old, oldest giving milk, will sell low; also
one Jersey wagon with top good as new.
For further particulars apply at this of-
fice.

—WHEAT.—We are prepared to buy the
new crop at the highest market price, de-
livered at Stanford, Rowland or any station
in Lincoln county. J. B. Green will buy
for us at Hustonville. Wearen & Menefee.

—Yesterday was Danville court and a
swelling hot one it was. A small crowd
attended and business was unusually dull.
No cattle were offered, there being no de-
mand. There were about 50 on the market
though. No horses or mules were sold.

—Remember the Kirsaville Fair, which
will be held Friday and Saturday of this
week. The officers and directors always
make it pleasant for all who attend and big
basket dinners are the order of the day.
Special railroad rates from all stations on
the Kentucky Central.

—Madison is the fairest county in the
State. One at Kirsaville, July 22d; one at
Beres August 3d; and one at Richmond
August 9th. Forman & Son bought 2,000
bushels of wheat at 65 cents. John Che-
rault lost 350 bushels by fire and his sep-
arator was also badly damaged. [Regis-
ter.]

—Bramblett & Gibson, tobacco dealers of
this county, made the biggest tobacco deal
last Friday ever made in this section of the
State, and their purchase of 1,380,000 lbs.
that day gives them now over 3,000,000
pounds. They bought 1,000,000 pounds of
Walter Sharpe at 32 1/2 cents and 350,000
pounds from Mr. Best, of Mason, at 12 cts.
[Carlisle Mercury.]

—We regret to learn of the death of Mr.
Hugh Barnett, of Casey, as true and honest
a man as ever lived. A Mason and a Chris-
tian, he filled his sphere in life as a man
should, and he goes to his eternal reward
with the plaudits, "Well done, thou good
and faithful servant."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BANK STOCK FOR SALE!
I wish to sell Forty-five Shares of First Na-
tional Bank stock of Stanford. If not sold private-
ly will sell publicly County Court Day.
217-218 H. T. BUSH.

TURNPIKE MEETING!
The Directors of the Danville, Stanford & Crab
Orchard Turnpike will meet at the First Nation-
al Bank, Stanford, next Saturday afternoon for
the transaction of important business.
217-218 J. S. BOSLEY, President.

G. A. BENEDICT & CO.,
STANFORD, KENTUCKY.
Well Drillers and Pump Adjusters.
Wells Drilled to order and pumps furnished
at factory prices. 245-1-f

ICE! ICE! ICE!
I will deliver to regular customers in Stanford
and vicinity every morning at
One Cent Per Pound.
Accounts due at the close of each month or
when customer quits. R. E. BARROW.

THE
GREAT HORSE FAIR!
OF THE STATE.

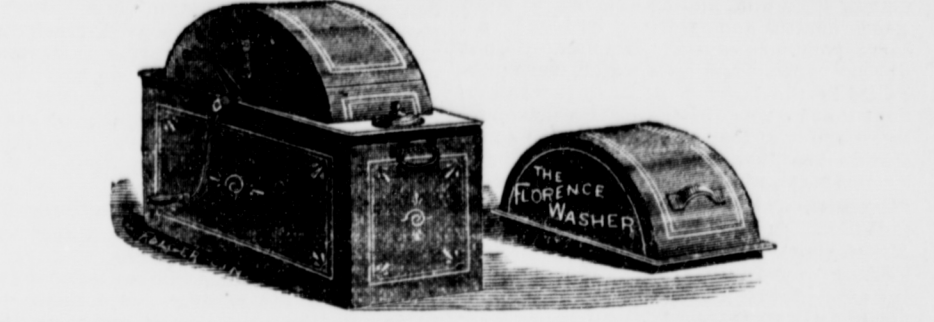
SEVENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION!
—OF THE—
MADISON COUNTY FAIR
ASSOCIATION.
—TO BE HELD AT—
RICHMOND, TUESDAY, AUGUST 9,
and continue Four Days.
—TROTTER AND RUNNING RACES
Upon the Track each Day.

Special trains to and from Paris, Cynthiana,
Winchester, Lexington, Danville, Stanford, Lan-
caster, Livingston and all points reached by the
K. C. & E.
Trot's celebrated Band will furnish the Music.
All Ladies Free on the First Day.
J. P. HERNDON, T. T. COVINGTON,
Secretaries. R. B. TERRILL, President.

WALSH, THE TAILOR,
232 FOURTH AVENUE,
LOUISVILLE, - - KY.

P. S.—FINE GOODS EXCLUSIVELY.

FLORENCE WASHING MACHINE.



The most perfect Machine ever invented. Wonderful saving of labor and easily operated. Read
the following testimonials from ladies of Hustonville and vicinity:
This is to certify that we are using the Florence Washing Machine and think it the only Machine
we ever saw that will do all it claims. It saves clothing and labor and is well worth the price paid for it.
Mrs. J. M. Cook, Mrs. Dr. W. Stutz, Mrs. S. F. Cowan, Mrs. Sam Bell, Mrs. J. P. Rife, Mrs. T. J.
Robinson, Mrs. George W. Rife, Mrs. J. T. Rose, Mrs. G. C. Lyons, Mrs. S. G. Drye, Mrs. Mag. Dunn,
Mrs. Joseph Coffey, Mrs. J. K. Baughman.
Now is your chance to secure the best Machine of the age.
We also have testimonials from the following Stanford Ladies: Melames Sam Owens, T. S. Dooley,
Kate Hays, S. S. Myers, G. G. Wine and Mary Straub.
FLORENCE WASHING MACHINE CO., B. P. McALLISTER, Business Manager,
Headquarters at Dr. Bourne's, Stanford.

DR. S. G. HOCKER. JOHN BRIGHT, JR.

HOCKER & BRIGHT,
(SUCCESSORS TO W. H. HIGGINS.)

We will continue to handle the justly celebrated and most popular
COOK STOVES and RANGES in the Market. Full line of HARDWARE,
WAGON MATERIAL, GROCERIES, SALT, LIME, CEMENT, BLUE TIL-
ING, &c.

In FARMING IMPLEMENTS we will still place the OLIVER CHILL
PLOW in the lead of all others, where it justly deserves to be. Ask your
neighbor in reference to its superiority. No steel plow in the market
equal to the IMPERIAL.

Examine the BRINLEY COMBINATION PLOW & HARROW. In the
PUMPS' line we know the BUCKET PUMP ELEVATOR has no equal. All
we ask is to give it a careful examination and trial and you will not have
any other, ALASKA REFRIGERATORS and ICE BOXES.
W. B. McKINNEY, Salesman.

H. C. RUPLEY,
MERCHANT TAILOR

—I have received and still receiving—

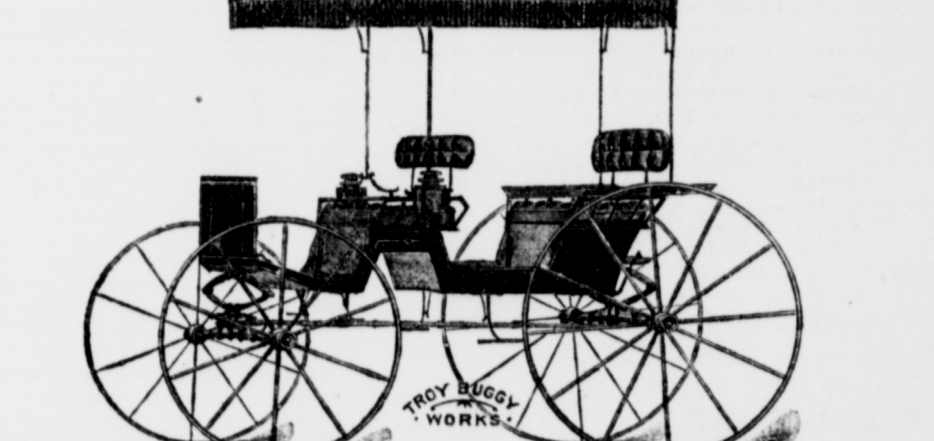
New Goods for Spring and Summer

Comprising the best in the market, which will be
Gotten Up in Style and Made Second to None in City or Country

Give Me a Trial.

H. C. RUPLEY.

WEAREN & MENEFEE,



Dealer in Fine Buggies, Carriages, Surreys,
Phatons, Spring Wagons, Buck Boards, Road
Carts, Farming Implements, Engines, Mills,
Grain, Feed, Seeds, Coal, Lumber, Doors, Sash-
Blinds, Picket Fencing, &c. Our Stock of Ve-
hicles is larger and more complete than ever be-
fore, from the cheapest to the best.

All of work guaranteed as represented. Prices to
suit the times. We can sell you as good vehicles as
any dealer or manufacturer and for as little money.
Come and see our fine assortment before it is broken.

WEAREN & MENEFEE.
J. B. GREEN, Agt., Hustonville, Ky.

Queen and Crescent Route.
(Cincinnati New Orleans and Texas Pacific Railway.)

Shortest and Quickest Line to New Orleans, Florida,
South East, Texas, Cuba, South West.

CONDENSED TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY 23, '87.

READ DOWN.				READ UP.			
STATIONS.		STATIONS.		STATIONS.		STATIONS.	
No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.	No. 5.	No. 6.	No. 7.	No. 8.
Daily.	Ex. Sun.	Daily.	Daily.	Daily.	Daily.	Daily.	Daily.
7:55 a.m.	4:03 p.m.	9:00 p.m.	.....	Lex. Cincinnati	6:42 p.m.	10:25 a.m.	6:40 a.m.
10:50 a.m.	7:08 p.m.	11:55 p.m.	.....	Georgetown	3:47 p.m.	7:27 a.m.	4:10 a.m.
11:25 a.m.	7:35 p.m.	11:54 p.m.	.....	Lexington	3:20 p.m.	7:00 a.m.	3:48 a.m.
11:47 a.m.	8:02 p.m.	12:21 a.m.	.....	Nicholasville	2:51 p.m.	6:27 a.m.	3:23 a.m.
12:21 a.m.	8:43 p.m.	.....	.....	Harrodsburg Junction	2:58 p.m.	5:47 a.m.	3:20 a.m.
12:35 a.m.	8:55 p.m.	1:05 a.m.	.....	Danville	2:59 p.m.	5:32 a.m.	3:18 a.m.
12:45 a.m.	9:10 p.m.	1:15 a.m.	.....	Junction City	1:55 p.m.	5:20 a.m.	2:28 a.m.
1:53 p.m.	.....	.....	.....	Kings Mountain	12:49 p.m.	.....	.....
2:45 p.m.	.....	2:42 a.m.	.....	Somersett	11:58 a.m.	.....	1:10 a.m.
6:25 p.m.	.....	5:55 a.m.	.....	Oakdale	8:10 a.m.	.....	9:40 p.m.
9:30 p.m.	.....	8:45 a.m.	.....	Chattanooga	5:00 a.m.	.....	6:30 p.m.
8:50 a.m.	.....	8:50 p.m.	.....	Birmingham	10:38 p.m.	.....	10:40 a.m.
8:55 a.m.	.....	8:00 p.m.	.....	Eutaw	7:00 p.m.	.....	6:20 a.m.
10:00 p.m.	.....	11:00 a.m.	.....	Meridian	4:30 p.m.	.....	3:45 a.m.

CRAZY PEGGY'S CAREER.

The Romantic Life Story of a Heroine of Two Great Wars.

There died in an humble apartment in this city the other day, says the New York Mail and Express, a woman with a remarkable history, if her statements are trustworthy. Even her neighbors do not know her real name, and it is from a friend of the woman, who had heard her story frequently, that the story comes. She was the daughter of an English Lord and heiress to a moderate estate. On the adjoining estate lived another Lord, to whose son she was betrothed. When the Crimean war broke out the lover enlisted. For a few months after his departure letters were received with regularity from him, and he seemed to be in good health and spirits. Suddenly all correspondence ceased. His name did not appear in the death lists which were published in the London papers; it was evident that he was either sick or a prisoner. In an agony of fear and anxiety she could stand the suspense no longer, and determined to go in quest of him. Her parents, however, forbade it, and her friends dissuaded her for a short time. But the continued silence proved unbearable, and she finally stole from home one night and secured an appointment as nurse, and before her relatives had obtained a clue to her whereabouts was on her way to the front. Reaching the Bosporus she was placed in one of the hospitals at a small town near the border. She scanned with eagerness the faces of the sick and dying, but found no sign of him she sought. Remembering that he might be in the same conditions were the poor soldiers around her, she entered into the work of nursing with all her heart. Her efforts were rewarded in an unexpected way, for one day, in talking with one of the wounded men, she ascertained that he had been in the same regiment with her lover, and that the latter was a captive in the hands of the Russians. From that moment, although quietly continuing her nursing, she beat all her faculties to planning some scheme by which she might gain access to her lover's place of confinement. She finally concluded to assume the role of a spy, and requested permission from the commanding officer to act in that capacity. He at first refused, but upon her pleading earnestly he gave her consent and supplied her with the papers necessary for passing the English lines.

She disguised herself and pretended she was half-witted, and by that means got within the Russian territory. So carefully did she play her part that she became quite a favorite with the soldiers, who styled her "Crazy Peggy," and allowed her to do as she pleased. It was many weeks before she learned the town in which her betrothed was a prisoner. By a neat stratagem she induced the keeper of the prison to give her access to the cells. The jailer thought her a harmless creature, and permitted her at will to chat with the English captive. She soon disclosed her identity to her lover, and together they planned an escape. One dark, stormy night she acted more insanely than ever, and in one of her fits snatched the keys from the belt of the warden. Running down the stairs, she unlocked several of the doors, including the one behind which her betrothed was confined. In an instant he was out, and, hidden in a dark corner, he donned a Russian uniform furnished by the faithful girl. The jailer gave chase to "Crazy Peggy" and regained the keys, but not before her lover had walked up the stairs and out into the open air. "Peggy" followed him and they fled through the darkness until they reached the picket line. Here the password, which had been discovered by "Peggy," enabled them to gain the open space between the rival armies. An English coat concealed beneath her clothes, was put on, and the Russian uniform discarded. In safety the lines were passed, and the officer returned to his command. So well executed had been all of Peggy's plans, and so anxious was her betrothed to continue in service, that they both remained in the army, she as a spy, and he as an officer. They were married by a chaplain, however, before entering again into active duty.

Just before the conclusion of the war the husband died. Nearly heart-broken Peggy accompanied the remains to England to find that her parents were dead and that there was nothing left for her except a neat little estate. The associations of the place were so painful that she determined to come to America. She did so and settled in one of the Carolinas, where she taught the slaves several times a week, with the permission of the owners.

The civil war broke out soon after, and the old war fever coursed through "Peggy's" veins. She enlisted as a nurse in the Confederate army. But her ability as a spy reached the ears of one of the officers, and she agreed to undertake the dangerous business. She disguised herself, and as a half-witted woman, went at will through the Confederate and Union armies. Twice she was held on suspicion, and once was placed under guard until examination could be had. In some way she managed to destroy the papers she had on her person and was released. A few evenings later she was attacked by a drunken picket and received wounds that scarred her face badly for the rest of her life. In fact, it was largely because of her repulsive countenance that she was not taken into the ranks of the last twenty years she kept in absolute retirement. Her favorite commander was General Robert E. Lee, and he regarded her with marked respect. Peggy said that once, at General Lee's personal request, she got as far as Washington and secured some important information. Before she could get back within the Confederate lines, however, she was shut up in an insane asylum. She escaped, but too late to render the news of any practical use. When she first came from England she invested most of her estate in land and property in the South. The war almost impoverished her, but she managed to save enough to keep her in an humble way ever since.

Soon after the war she came North, and lived at various times in Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Boston. Then, for some reason, she went to Newark, N. J., where she resided until several years ago, when she came to this city and took two plain rooms up-town. She was cultured, and it is understood to have corresponded with a number of eminent men here and in England under an assumed name. General Lee wrote to her up to the time of his death. "Peggy" refused to disclose her real name to her few friends, but she evidently had distinguished relatives in England. She admitted close relationship to Mrs. Gladstone and the Duchess of Cumberland. Her knowledge of the English stage and its lights was also extensive, and she said she had known all the leading actors and actresses of a quarter of a century ago, in London. Unknown "Peggy" was not quite fifty years old, and had evidently been handsome in her younger days. She once admitted in confidence that her husband's name was Edward Leveson, but never revealed her name to the public.

PROTECTED BY HIS DOG.

Story of a Loyal Coo Which Faithfully Guarded Its Drunken Master.

A good dog story comes to the St. James Gazette from Edinburgh. A shepherd who had been imbibing rather freely sank down in a drunken stupor upon the south pavement just by the garden railing in Prince's street. As he fell his collie dog caught on one of the lower spikes of the railing, and he hung thereby in a very uncomfortable position. Several people went to assist him, but were at once warned off by the shepherd's collie, which snarled and barked and threatened to bite any that ventured within reach. A crowd soon collected and formed in a half-circle round the central group; others climbed upon the garden railings to get a better view. One or two gentlemen, who appeared fresh on the scene, expressed surprise that none in the crowd had helped the man, and pushed boldly forward to so, but were immediately before the attack of the faithful collie. There was certainly something ludicrous in the sight of the little brisk collie keeping the whole crowd at bay. There it sat, however, by the side of its drunken master, ready to defend him against all comers.

The keeper of the garden approached from behind the railing and endeavored to relieve the coat-sleeve; but the collie flew at the railing, and he beat a retreat. A couple of policemen pushed their way through the crowd. They were cautious men, however, and took evidence from those around before meddling with the man and the collie. The policemen agreed that the best way to proceed in the matter was to secure the dog from behind the shelter of the garden rail, and amidst laughter, they disappeared to get a rope. By and by one of them returned and from the garden bank attempted to throw the rope over the dog.

The crowd by this time had pressed pretty closely up to where the man lay, and while the policeman with his rope and one or two of the onlookers with sticks distracted the attention of the dog, the shepherd was raised by others to a sitting posture, and was able to say something to the dog which quieted the animal's fears. A few more policemen then appeared and took the man to the police station, and the collie, seeing that his master was not being harmed, trotted contentedly behind. The dog followed his master into a cell, and curling itself up at his feet, resumed his watch over him.

RUNNING THE BLOCKADE.

How a Scotch Sailor Carried Off a Cargo of Cotton Under Difficulties.

The following story is told by Chambers' Journal of how Captain Wilson, who ran the blockade seventeen times during the war, saved a valuable cargo from a Federal blockade vessel.

He was in command of a large blockade runner which had safely entered one of the Southern ports. He attempted to escape during a fog, in the evening. The fog suddenly lifted, and he found he had nothing but a swift pair of heels to rely upon, for a Federal cruiser was within range of him. The Federal fired across his bows, but the Captain took no notice beyond putting a little extra weight on the safety valve. His decks were piled high with cotton, which formed an excellent protection against small-arm fire. The Federal now opened the ball in good earnest, and shell after shell churned the water into foam around, but not one struck her. Just as she was going out of range, however, a shell penetrated the side and lodged in the boiler, and the vessel was helpless. She had considerably won on her, so, though striking, she was healed for shore.

The Federal ceased firing, and watched the disabled vessel until at last she was beached, half full of water. Captain Wilson and his crew fled to shore, and saw the Federal send off a boat to inspect their capture. Satisfied that the vessel was completely disabled, the Federal steamed off to her station in the assured hope that she had settled Captain Wilson this time. The misfortune, however, did not daunt him. He made his way to a neighboring plantation, obtained the assistance of a number of the hands, and as soon as the captor was out of sight and the tide had receded, unloaded the bulk of the cotton. With the assistance of a blacksmith he repaired the hull by nailing iron plates inside and outside the shot hole and filling the space with tar and cotton. The water in the boiler had put out the fuse of the shell; so, extracting his iron visitor, he riveted new plates over the hole and made, with the assistance of his engineer, a strong if not very presentable repair.

The cotton was reshipped, and in the early gray of the morning the Federal Captain appeared in the offing to take possession of his prize; he beheld her steaming away to England as if nothing had happened, while a salute from Captain Wilson's single gun gave him a forcible idea of the resources of a "canny Scot" in a corner.

BUZZARD WISDOM.

An American Bird Which Is Entitled to the Chromo for Ingenuity.

While a party was out fishing at Loch Lomond a short time since, a buzzard was shot, which sank to the bottom and remained there until it died. When the carcass came to the surface the buzzards soon discovered it, says the Pall Mall Gazette, and they swarmed about in large numbers. The breeze kept the lake in such a ripple, however, that they could not keep their foothold on the body of the 'gator, as it turned and floated with every wave. The Florida buzzard is a shrewd bird, and his reasoning powers are much greater than he has ever gained credit for. Baffled by the wind and wave, and hungry from fruitless efforts to anchor the 'gator, he birds held a consultation. As the result, two of them flew at the 'gator, and fastening their talons on the body they spread their wings sail-fashion, and piloted the carcass to the shore of the lake, where the flock made a hearty meal. The buzzard is not a shy bird, nor is he known in song and story like the American eagle. His name brings up suggestions of bad omen, and he is never made a pet or shown that kindness or consideration accorded more favored birds, but when it comes down to good, hard mule sense, and practical and calculating ingenuity, he can discount all his kin, notwithstanding his well-known reputation for dullness and stupidity. The Florida buzzard is entitled to the chromo.

George Washington's Coffin-Plate.
A few days ago a gentleman of Washington bought an old trunk at an auction sale for twenty-five cents. It was filled with rubbish, and the buyer sent it home intending to have it cleaned out. This was done a few days ago, and the trunk was found to contain a solid silver shield, which appears to have been on the coffin of George Washington. The plate from the coffin has been missing for some time, and the attempt to steal the remains in 1837.

CHAPTER 12.

AN ACT for taking the sense of the good people of this Commonwealth as to the necessity and expediency of calling a Convention to amend the Constitution, and to provide for ascertaining the number of citizens entitled to vote for Representative within this State.

WHEREAS, Experience has pointed out the necessity of amending the Constitution and the expediency of calling a convention for that purpose; therefore,

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky,

§ 1. That at the next general election for Representatives to the General Assembly, it shall be the duty of the several sheriffs and other officers of election to open a poll for and make a return to the Secretary of State, for the time being, of the names of all citizens entitled to vote for Representative who have voted at the said election for calling a convention for the purpose of re-adopting, amending or changing the Constitution.

§ 2. That any sheriff or other returning officer failing to perform the duty imposed by first section of this act shall be subject to a fine of six hundred dollars (\$600), to be recovered by indictment thereof, and shall, upon conviction of such failure, be removed from office by the court in which such conviction is had.

§ 3. That for the purpose of ascertaining the number of citizens entitled to vote for Representatives within this State in the year 1887, there shall be furnished, as hereinafter provided, to the sheriffs and other officers of the election in August, 1887, a registration book, in which the officers of the election shall be required to register the names of all citizens living in the district known to said officers to be entitled to vote for Representative, or male known to them by evidence on that day, shall be registered as not voting. And in the year 1887, no other officer shall be authorized to make any list or return of the qualified voters of this Commonwealth, nor shall any returns except the registration books and certificates provided for by this act be made, and all laws requiring list or returns of such qualified voters are hereby repealed, so far as the year 1887 is embraced therein. The total number of votes so registered shall be the true number of citizens entitled to vote for Representative within this State, for the purpose of ascertaining whether a majority of all the citizens of this State, entitled to vote for Representative, are in favor of calling a convention for the purpose of re-adopting, amending or changing the Constitution.

§ 4. The said registration books shall be appropriately kept and headed, so that they may, and it is hereby enacted that the same shall, be the poll books for recording the votes for and against the calling of the constitutional convention, and for ascertaining the number of citizens entitled to vote for Representative within this State. It shall be the duty of the said officers of election to propound to every voter the question: "Do you vote for calling a constitutional convention or not?" If such voter shall answer in the negative, his name shall be recorded as voting against said convention, and if such voter makes no answer, his name shall be recorded or registered as not voting on said question. And it shall be the duty of the officers holding the election at each voting place in the State to certify the total number of voters registered, and the number voting for calling a constitutional convention, and to make out a duplicate certificate showing said facts. The registration book shall be by them immediately sent, at the expense of the Commonwealth, by mail, to the Secretary of State, at Frankfort, Kentucky, and the duplicate certificate attached to the poll-book for the election of State officers, and return thereon as now directed by law.

§ 5. The Secretary of State in office at the convening of the General Assembly next after the election in August, 1887, shall, immediately upon the organization of same, transmit to each House a statement, prepared by him from the said registration and poll-books, showing how many votes were at the said election cast in favor of said convention, and the total number of voters registered, whether voting for or against or not at all. The report shall be made up by counties. He shall retain the registration books for the use of examination and inspection of the next General Assembly.

§ 6. It shall be the duty of the officers whose duty it is by law to compare and certify the votes for State officers, to make out from the certificates returned with the State election poll-books as above provided, and at the time they certify the votes for State officers, a certificate by voting places, showing the total number of votes registered and the number voting for calling a constitutional convention, and to send the certificate to the Secretary of State, and to the clerk of the General Assembly, in making the report to the General Assembly, shall use the information in the certificate as to any such district or precinct, and he shall, moreover, use the certificate to show that he has or has not the registration book for each voting place in each county named in said certificate.

§ 7. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State, after adjournment of this General Assembly, to make out the form of a registration book and certificate to be made and used as herein provided, and to furnish the same to the Public Printer forthwith, and it shall be the duty of said Public Printer to make up and bind in the usual form one registration book, with a certificate thereon for each voting place in the State; also the duplicate certificate and the county certificate, and send the same to the several sheriffs, who shall see that they are delivered and used at the various voting places as herein required.

§ 8. That any officer failing to do or perform any of the acts or duties enjoined upon him by the third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh sections of this act, shall be subject to a fine of five hundred dollars (\$500), to be recovered by indictment thereof, and shall, upon conviction thereof, be removed from office by the court in which said conviction is had.

§ 9. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have this act advertised in one weekly newspaper in each county of this Commonwealth, wherein there is such paper published, for four weeks, and in one of the daily papers of the city of Louisville for thirty days immediately preceding the election, and in every county said Secretary shall cause to be posted at the court-house door a copy of this act, printed in hand-bill form, for at least four consecutive weeks before such election.

§ 10. It shall be the duty of the Public Printer to print ten thousand copies of this act upon a separate sheet of paper and deliver them to the Secretary of State, who shall forward the same to the county clerks of the various counties in this State in such numbers as to provide at least two copies for each voting precinct; said clerks

shall deliver the same to the sheriffs or other officers acting in the place thereof; and it shall be the duty of such sheriff or other officer to post one copy of said act at each voting place and another copy at some other suitable public place in said precinct four weeks prior to the election. Any officer failing to discharge the duties prescribed in this section of this act shall be fined for each and every failure twenty dollars, to be recovered in any court having jurisdiction thereof.

§ 11. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved January 18, 1886.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky,

§ 1. That at the next general election for Representatives to the General Assembly, it shall be the duty of the several sheriffs and other officers of election to open a poll for and make a return to the Secretary of State, for the time being, of the names of all citizens entitled to vote for Representative who have voted at the said election for calling a convention for the purpose of re-adopting, amending or changing the Constitution.

§ 2. That any sheriff or other returning officer failing to perform the duty imposed by first section of this act shall be subject to a fine of six hundred dollars (\$600), to be recovered by indictment thereof, and shall, upon conviction of such failure, be removed from office by the court in which such conviction is had.

§ 3. That for the purpose of ascertaining the number of citizens entitled to vote for Representatives within this State in the year 1887, there shall be furnished, as hereinafter provided, to the sheriffs and other officers of the election in August, 1887, a registration book, in which the officers of the election shall be required to register the names of all citizens living in the district known to said officers to be entitled to vote for Representative, or male known to them by evidence on that day, shall be registered as not voting. And in the year 1887, no other officer shall be authorized to make any list or return of the qualified voters of this Commonwealth, nor shall any returns except the registration books and certificates provided for by this act be made, and all laws requiring list or returns of such qualified voters are hereby repealed, so far as the year 1887 is embraced therein. The total number of votes so registered shall be the true number of citizens entitled to vote for Representative within this State, for the purpose of ascertaining whether a majority of all the citizens of this State, entitled to vote for Representative, are in favor of calling a convention for the purpose of re-adopting, amending or changing the Constitution.

§ 4. The said registration books shall be appropriately kept and headed, so that they may, and it is hereby enacted that the same shall, be the poll books for recording the votes for and against the calling of the constitutional convention, and for ascertaining the number of citizens entitled to vote for Representative within this State. It shall be the duty of the said officers of election to propound to every voter the question: "Do you vote for calling a constitutional convention or not?" If such voter shall answer in the negative, his name shall be recorded as voting against said convention, and if such voter makes no answer, his name shall be recorded or registered as not voting on said question. And it shall be the duty of the officers holding the election at each voting place in the State to certify the total number of voters registered, and the number voting for calling a constitutional convention, and to make out a duplicate certificate showing said facts. The registration book shall be by them immediately sent, at the expense of the Commonwealth, by mail, to the Secretary of State, at Frankfort, Kentucky, and the duplicate certificate attached to the poll-book for the election of State officers, and return thereon as now directed by law.

§ 5. The Secretary of State in office at the convening of the General Assembly next after the election in August, 1887, shall, immediately upon the organization of same, transmit to each House a statement, prepared by him from the said registration and poll-books, showing how many votes were at the said election cast in favor of said convention, and the total number of voters registered, whether voting for or against or not at all. The report shall be made up by counties. He shall retain the registration books for the use of examination and inspection of the next General Assembly.

§ 6. It shall be the duty of the officers whose duty it is by law to compare and certify the votes for State officers, to make out from the certificates returned with the State election poll-books as above provided, and at the time they certify the votes for State officers, a certificate by voting places, showing the total number of votes registered and the number voting for calling a constitutional convention, and to send the certificate to the Secretary of State, and to the clerk of the General Assembly, in making the report to the General Assembly, shall use the information in the certificate as to any such district or precinct, and he shall, moreover, use the certificate to show that he has or has not the registration book for each voting place in each county named in said certificate.

§ 7. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State, after adjournment of this General Assembly, to make out the form of a registration book and certificate to be made and used as herein provided, and to furnish the same to the Public Printer forthwith, and it shall be the duty of said Public Printer to make up and bind in the usual form one registration book, with a certificate thereon for each voting place in the State; also the duplicate certificate and the county certificate, and send the same to the several sheriffs, who shall see that they are delivered and used at the various voting places as herein required.

§ 8. That any officer failing to do or perform any of the acts or duties enjoined upon him by the third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh sections of this act, shall be subject to a fine of five hundred dollars (\$500), to be recovered by indictment thereof, and shall, upon conviction thereof, be removed from office by the court in which said conviction is had.

§ 9. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have this act advertised in one weekly newspaper in each county of this Commonwealth, wherein there is such paper published, for four weeks, and in one of the daily papers of the city of Louisville for thirty days immediately preceding the election, and in every county said Secretary shall cause to be posted at the court-house door a copy of this act, printed in hand-bill form, for at least four consecutive weeks before such election.

§ 10. It shall be the duty of the Public Printer to print ten thousand copies of this act upon a separate sheet of paper and deliver them to the Secretary of State, who shall forward the same to the county clerks of the various counties in this State in such numbers as to provide at least two copies for each voting precinct; said clerks

shall deliver the same to the sheriffs or other officers acting in the place thereof; and it shall be the duty of such sheriff or other officer to post one copy of said act at each voting place and another copy at some other suitable public place in said precinct four weeks prior to the election. Any officer failing to discharge the duties prescribed in this section of this act shall be fined for each and every failure twenty dollars, to be recovered in any court having jurisdiction thereof.

§ 11. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved January 18, 1886.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky,

§ 1. That at the next general election for Representatives to the General Assembly, it shall be the duty of the several sheriffs and other officers of election to open a poll for and make a return to the Secretary of State, for the time being, of the names of all citizens entitled to vote for Representative who have voted at the said election for calling a convention for the purpose of re-adopting, amending or changing the Constitution.

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§ 2. That any sheriff or other returning officer failing to perform the duty imposed by first section of this act shall be subject to a fine of six hundred dollars (\$600), to be recovered by indictment thereof, and shall, upon conviction of such failure, be removed from office by the court in which such conviction is had.

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